



Ellesmere Park  
High School  
*Enriching Lives, Inspiring Ambitions*

# Guide to Attendance 2021/2022



Consilium  
Academies

# *Our attendance target for 2021/2022 is 95% However we strive for 100%*

At Ellesmere Park High School we expect all student to have excellent school attendance. Our aim is for all children on roll to attend school every day, this will give them access to excellent teaching and learning and fulfil their potential.

Parents/carers are asked to only withdraw their child from school if it is **absolutely unavoidable**.

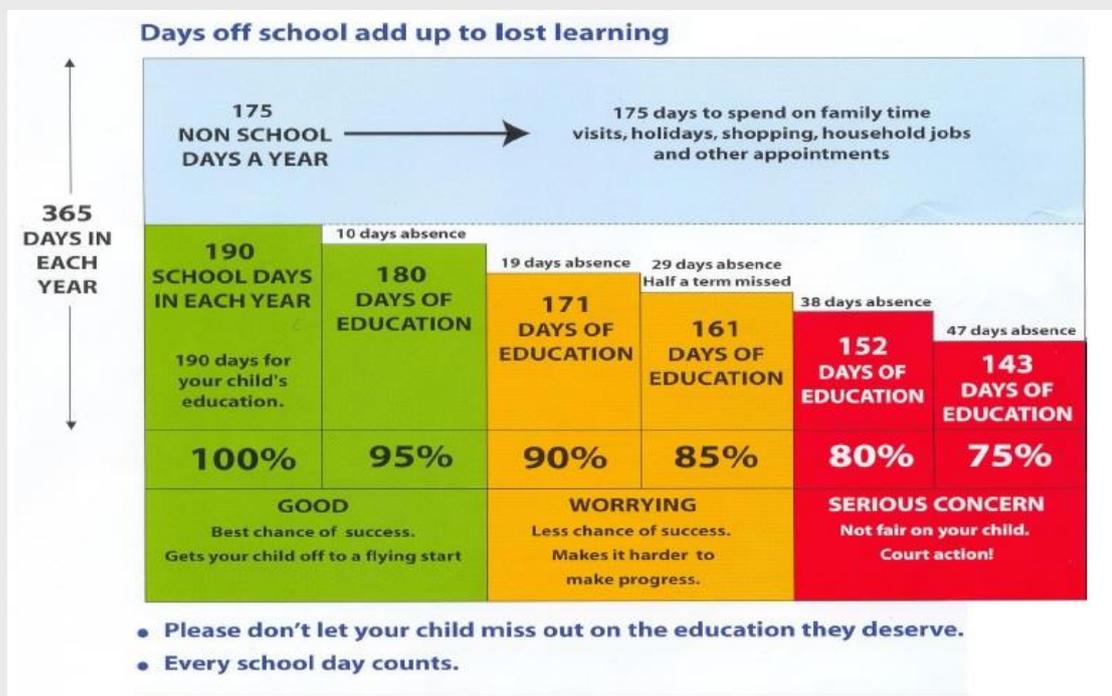
If you know that your child is going to be absent from school for any period of time (even if it is part of a day) please seek the Headteacher's authorisation in advance by completing the **Authorised Absence Request Form** available from the Attendance Officer. The Government and the school wish to discourage children from missing lessons whenever possible and ask parents to take family holidays during school holidays.

We would expect all medical and dental appointments to take place outside of school hours. If a child does need to be taken out of school to attend such appointments, please inform the school of their appointments and the times they will be absent from school. The maximum length of time authorised for a medical appointment is two hours.

If your child is late for school, they must sign in with the Attendance Officer.

We target intervention for children whose attendance falls below a **target of 95%**. If your child does not attend school, they will struggle to make progress and achieve. We want all children to have excellent attendance and give themselves the very best chance of attaining high grades which will help with their choices late in life.

There are 175 non-school days per year for holidays, shopping and appointments. There should be little need, except in 'exceptional circumstances' for your child to miss a day's education.



When deciding whether or not your child is too ill to attend school, ask yourself:

- Is your child well enough to carry out the activities of the school day? If not, keep your child at home and consult your GP as appropriate.
- Does your child have a condition that could be passed on to other children or school staff? If so, keep your child at home.
- Would you take a day off work if you had this condition? If so, keep your child at home.

Most illnesses can be classified as one of a few minor health conditions. Whether or not you send your child to school will depend on how severe you judge the illness to be. This guidance can help you to make that judgement. If you're concerned about your child's health, consult a health professional.

**Cough and cold:** A child with a minor cough or cold may attend school. If the cold is accompanied by raised temperature, shivers or drowsiness, your child should stay off school, visit the GP and return to school 24 hours after they're feeling better. If your child has a more severe and long-lasting cough, consult your GP, who can provide guidance on whether the child should stay off school.

**Raised temperature:** If your child has a raised temperature, they shouldn't attend school. They can return 24 hours after they're feeling better.

**Rash:** Rashes can be the first sign of many infectious illnesses such as chickenpox and measles. Children with these conditions shouldn't attend school. If your child has a rash, check with your GP or practice nurse before sending them to school.

**Headache:** A child with a minor headache doesn't usually need to be kept off school.

If the headache is more severe or is accompanied by other symptoms such as raised temperature or drowsiness, then keep the child off school and consult your GP.

**Vomiting and diarrhoea:** Children with these conditions should be kept off school. They can return 24 hours after their symptoms disappear. Most cases of vomiting or diarrhoea get better without treatment, but if symptoms persist, consult your GP.

**Sore throat:** A sore throat alone doesn't have to keep a child from school. If it's accompanied by a raised temperature, the child should stay at home.

By law, only the Headteacher can authorise your child's absence. It is important to keep us informed if your child is going to be absent as soon as possible at the start of the day. Telephone us to tell us that your child will be staying at home. We will ask about the nature of the illness and the expected duration of absence from school. If your child is frequently absent due to illness we may request permission to contact your GP for confirmation that they are too ill to attend school. If it becomes clear that your child will be away from school for longer than expected, phone us to explain this as soon as possible.

***If your child attends school and feels unwell during the school day, we will contact you to arrange collection.***

## Punctuality

The **school day starts at 8.45am.** All students should arrive to school promptly and **ready for learning by this time.**

Registers are taken at 8.45am, if your child is late they must sign in with the Attendance Officer.



Children who are late for school miss out on vital learning at the start of the day and can quickly fall behind.

If a child is late by 5 minutes every day this adds up to 3 days lost learning a year, 15 minutes late is the same as being absent for 2 weeks in a year. It is your responsibility to make sure your child arrives on time for school.

***If you have any questions regarding the attendance of your child, please contact reception and ask to speak to the schools Attendance Officer or your child's Head of Year***

## **Penalty notices**

We can send you a penalty notice warning letter if:

- You take your child out of school during term time (for holidays for example)
- Your child is delayed returning from a period of leave and you have not agreed this with the school
- Your child has three or more days of unauthorised absence over a thirty-day period
- Your child arrives at school after the registers have closed (9am) on three or more occasions over a thirty-day period
- Your child is excluded from school but is seen in a public place during the first five days of that exclusion.

A Penalty Notice will incur a fine of £60 per parent per child if paid within 21 days. The fine increases to £120 per parent per child if paid within the 21-28 days following the Penalty Notice being issued. Unpaid fines proceed through the legal system.